





SPINCAM Project

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- Provide tools to apply the ecosystem approach in Southeast Pacific countries for sustainable economic development (blue growth) through inter-institutional capacity-building
- Development of methodological tools to support decision-making in applying ICAM/MSP concepts







ncrease in surface area of marine and coastal protected mass by country 2004–2015 (km?)







2012 - 2016

2008 - 2012

Phase I

Creation of networks and improving capacities

Phase II

Capacity building and multi-scale indicators

2017 - 2021

Phase III

Development and implementation of recommendations for MSP and blue growth











- 1. Operational since 2013 (<u>http://www.atlasspincam.net</u>)
- 2. 282 SHP and 7WMS distributed in 4 thematic modules: regional indicators, biodiversity, environmental information and pilot projects.
- 3. Metadata entry (catalog) and a datasets for download associated with each layer or indicator.
- 4. Generation and printing of a thematic map.
- 5. Indicators with historical data allow assessing their evolution.
- 6. Pre-designed analysis sheets available for download.









SPINCAM Priorities in capacity needs

- Valuation of ecosystem services
- MSP
- Coastal marine management indicators
- Data and information management
- Communication tools is support decision making
- Conflicts management





SPINCAM Major Achievements

- Advances in institutionalization of ICAM processes
- Technical capacities strengthened (GIS, indicators, data and information management) (more than 400 hundred)
- Development of nine regional ICAM indicators and dozens of national indicators
- Geoportal with regional indicators and three hundred of layers on biodiversity and environment (global, regional and national)
- New or strengthened national geoportals in the five countries
- 5 pilot projects completed (ICAM) and 5 in progress (MSP)
- Strengthening experts networks









Challenges for Southeast Pacific countries

- Integrate coast to ocean management (MSP) in concordance global targets (e.g. SDG 14, CDB Aichi)
- Marine/maritime activities as the core of national economies under a blue grow concept (fishing, aquaculture, energy, tourism, etc.)
- Address old threats (pollution, habitat degradation) and new ones (litter/microplastics, vulnerability to climate change, e.g. sea level rise, ocean acidification, etc.), to create resilience
- Maintain regional indicators updated
- Maintain institutional capacities
- Include ABNJ/BBNJ issues in the regional agenda









Our community







Thank you very much Dank u wel

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